Last name

2005 PERSONAL TAX CREDITS RETURN

Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD)

Employee number

TD1

Complete this TD1 form if you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, Employment Insurance benefits, or any other remuneration, or if you wish to increase the amount of tax deducted at source. Be sure to sign and date it on the back page and give it to your employer or payer, who will use it to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

If you do not complete a TD1 form, your new employer or payer will deduct taxes after allowing the basic personal amount only.

You **do not** have to complete a new TD1 form every year unless there is a change in your entitlement to personal tax credits. Complete a new TD1 form no later than seven days after the change.

First name and initial(s)

You can get the forms and publications mentioned on this form from our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca/forms or by calling 1-800-959-2221.

Address including postal code	For non-residents only – Country of permanent residence	Social insurance number
	Country of permanent residence	
1. Basic personal amount – Every resident of Canada can claim this am	nount If you have more than one emp	lover or
payer at the same time, see the section called "Income from other employers or payers" on the back page. If you are a		
non-resident, see the section called "Non-residents" on the back page.	, a	8,148
2. Age amount – If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2005, and your net income for the year will be \$29,619 or less,		
enter \$3,979. If your net income will be between \$29,619 and \$56,146 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get the		
Worksheet for the 2005 Personal Tax Credits Return (TD1-WS) and complete the appropriate section.		
3. Pension income amount – If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (excluding Canada		
or Quebec Pension Plans (CPP/QPP), Old Age Security, and guaranteed income supplements), enter \$1,000 or your		
estimated annual pension income, whichever is less.		
4. Tuition and education amounts (full time and part time) – If you are a student enrolled at a university, college, or		
educational institution certified by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, and you will pay more than \$100 per		
institution in tuition fees, complete this section. If you are enrolled full time, or if you have a mental or physical disability and		
are enrolled part time, enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay, plus \$400 for each month that you will be enrolled. If		
you are enrolled part time and do not have a mental or physical disability, enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay, plus \$120 for each month that you will be enrolled part time.		
5. Disability amount – If you will claim the disability amount on your inco	me tax return by using Form T2201 /	 Disability Tay
Credit Certificate, enter \$6,596.	mo tax rotain by doing roin 12201, 1	Nousinty Tax
6. Spouse or common-law partner amount – If you are supporting your		
you, and whose net income for the year will be \$692 or less, enter \$6,919. If his or her net income for the year will be		
between \$692 and \$7,611 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get the Worksheet for the 2005 Personal Tax Credits		
Return (TD1-WS) and complete the appropriate section.		
7. Amount for an eligible dependant – If you do not have a spouse or co		
relative who lives with you, and whose net income for the year will be \$69		
the year will be between \$692 and \$7,611 and you want to calculate a par	_	2005
Personal Tax Credits Return (TD1-WS) and complete the appropriate sec		
8. Caregiver amount – If you are taking care of a dependant who lives w		r will be
\$13,141 or less, and who is either your or your spouse's or common-law parent or great depends of the second of th	partner's:	
 parent or grandparent (aged 65 or older), or relative (aged 18 or older) who is dependent on you because of an infirr 	mity	
enter \$3,848. If the dependant's net income for the year will be between \$		calculate a
partial claim, get the Worksheet for the 2005 Personal Tax Credits Return	-	
9. Amount for infirm dependants age 18 or older – If you are supporting		
your or your spouse's or common-law partner's relative, who lives in Cana		
\$5,460 or less, enter \$3,848. You cannot claim an amount for a dependar		
income for the year will be between \$5,460 and \$9,308 and you want to c		
2005 Personal Tax Credits Return (TD1-WS) and complete the appropria		
10. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner –	If your spouse or common-law partners	er will not use
all of his or her age amount, pension income amount, tuition and education		
income tax return, enter the unused amount.	•	
11. Amounts transferred from a dependant – If your dependant will not	use all of his or her disability amou	nt on his or
her income tax return, enter the unused amount. If your or your spouse or	r common-law partner's dependent ch	ild or
grandchild will not use all of his or her tuition and education amounts o	n his or her income tax return, enter t	he unused
amount.		
12. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT – Add lines 1 through line 11. Your empl	lover or paver will use this amount to	determine
the amount of your tax deductions.	by or or payer will use this amount to	JOIOTTIIII G
and announced jour land doddonories		Form continues on the back
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— Dadustian for living in a prescribed ways	
Deduction for living in a prescribed zone If you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed northern zone for more than six months in a row beginning or ending in 2005, you can claim:	
 \$7.50 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone, or \$15 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction. 	
Employees living in a prescribed intermediate zone can claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.	
For more information, get Form T2222, Northern Residents Deductions, and the publication called Northern Residents Deductions – Places in Prescribed Zones (T4039).	
— Total income less than total claim amount	
Will your total income for the year from all employers and payers be less than your total claim amount on line 12? Yes No	
If yes, your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.	
— Additional tax to be deducted ————————————————————————————————————	
You may want to have more tax deducted from each payment, especially if you receive other income, including non-employment income such as CPP or QPP benefits, or Old Age Security pension. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax return.	
To choose this option, state the amount of additional tax you want to have deducted. To change this deduction later, you will have to complete a new TD1 form, <i>Personal Tax Credits Return</i> .	
— Reduction in tax deductions ————————————————————————————————————	
You can ask to have less tax deducted if on your income tax return you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to an RRSP, child care or employment expenses, and charitable donations). To make this request, complete Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office.	
Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.	
— Non-residents ————————————————————————————————————	
If you are a non-resident of Canada, tick this box and answer the question below. If you are unsure of your residency status, call the International Tax Services Office at 1-800-267-5177 .	
Will you include 90% or more of your world income when determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2005? If <i>yes</i> , complete the front page. If <i>no</i> , enter "0" on line 12 on the front page and do not complete lines 2 to 11 Yes as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.	
Income from other employers or payers	
If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another TD1 form for 2005, you can choose not to claim them again. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax return. To choose this option, enter "0" on line 12 on the front page and do not complete lines 2 to 11.	
— Certification ————————————————————————————————————	
I certify that the information given in this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete.	
Signature Date	
It is a serious offence to make a false return.	
— Provincial or territorial personal tax credits return	
In addition to this federal personal tax credits return, you may have to complete a provincial or territorial personal tax credits return.	
If your claim amount on line 12 on the front page is more than \$8,148, complete a provincial or territorial TD1 form in addition to this form. If you are an employee, use the TD1 form for your province or territory of employment. If you are a pensioner, use the TD1 form for your province or territory of residence. Your employer or payer will use both this form and your most recent provincial or territorial TD1 form to determine your tax deductions.	
If you are claiming the basic personal amount only (your claim amount on line 12 on the front page is \$8,148), do not complete a provincial or territorial TD1 form. Your employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount.	
Note: If you are a Saskatchewan resident supporting children under 18 at any time during 2005, you may be entitled to claim the child	

amount on the 2005 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return (TD1SK). Therefore, you may want to complete the TD1SK form even

If you entered "0" on line 12 on the front page because you are a non-resident and you will not include 90% or more of your world income when determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2005, do not complete a provincial or territorial TD1 form. You are

if you are claiming the basic personal amount only on the front page of this form (your claim amount on line 12 is \$8,148).

not entitled to the provincial or territorial personal tax credits.